## Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

## COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/23
Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)
October/November 2021

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.
You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## INSTRUCTIONS

- There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.


## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40 .
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

1 Movement is a characteristic of all living organisms.
Which two other characteristics of living organisms provide the energy for movement?
A excretion and nutrition
B growth and sensitivity
C nutrition and respiration
D respiration and growth

2 Which row correctly describes a feature of a specialised cell?

|  | specialised cell | feature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | egg cell | energy store |
| B | palisade cell | cilia |
| C | red blood cell | cell wall |
| D | root hair cell | chloroplasts |

3 Which small molecules are used to make proteins?
A amino acids
B fatty acids
C glucose
D glycerol

4 What is a suitable range for investigating the effect of temperature on the activity of an enzyme from a human body?

A $\quad 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
B $\quad 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
C $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

5 Which letters from the list represent the balanced equation for photosynthesis?
P $\quad \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
T $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
Q $\quad 6 \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
U $6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
$\mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
V $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
S $6 \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
W $6 \mathrm{O}_{2}$

A $\mathrm{P}+\mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{V}$
B $\mathrm{Q}+\mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{S}+\mathrm{U}$
C $\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{W}+\mathrm{P}$
D $\mathrm{U}+\mathrm{S} \rightarrow \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{W}$

6 Which type of digestion causes the breakdown of large, insoluble molecules into small, soluble molecules?

A chemical
B hormonal
C mechanical
D physical

7 Which conditions cause plants to lose most mass by transpiration?

|  | humidity | temperature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | high | high |
| B | high | low |
| C | low | high |
| D | low | low |

8 The diagram shows part of the gas exchange system in humans.


What are the structures labelled $X$ and $Y$ ?

|  | X | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | bronchiole | trachea |
| B | bronchus | trachea |
| C | trachea | bronchiole |
| D | trachea | bronchus |

9 A plant shoot is illuminated from one side only.
What collects on the shaded side of the plant shoot?
A auxin
B chlorophyll
C glucose
D starch

10 What is a characteristic of insect-pollinated flowers?
A anthers hanging outside the flower
B hairy or sticky stigmas
C large quantities of smooth, light pollen
D no scent or nectar

11 Which comparison between human female and male gametes is correct?

|  | eggs | sperm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | have a flagellum | have no flagellum |
| B | move a short distance | move a long distance |
| C | produced in greater numbers | produced in fewer numbers |
| D | smaller size | larger size |

12 The diagram represents four organisms in a food chain.

$$
\mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{~V} \rightarrow \mathrm{~W}
$$

Which organisms are consumers?
A T, U and V
B T, U and W
C T, V and W
D U, V and W

13 The eutrophication of water has a number of stages.


What is the correct order of the stages?
A $1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2$
B $\quad 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3$
C $3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2$
D $3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5$

14 How many electrons are shared by the atoms in a nitrogen molecule, $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ ?
A 2
B 4
C 6
D 8

15 The formula of magnesium chloride is $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$.
The formula of sodium phosphide is $\mathrm{Na}_{3} \mathrm{P}$.
What is the formula of magnesium phosphide?
A MgP
B $\mathrm{MgP}_{2}$
C $\mathrm{Mg}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{3}$
D $\mathrm{Mg}_{3} \mathrm{P}_{2}$

16 An energy level diagram for a reaction is shown.


Which statement describes and explains energy change X ?
A Energy is given out as bonds break.
B Energy is given out as bonds form.
C Energy is taken in as bonds break.
D Energy is taken in as bonds form.

17 Hydrogen peroxide decomposes to form water and oxygen.
Which changes in temperature and in concentration both reduce the rate of this reaction?

|  | temperature of <br> hydrogen peroxide | concentration of <br> hydrogen peroxide |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | decrease | decrease |
| B | decrease | increase |
| C | increase | decrease |
| D | increase | increase |

18 Iron oxide reacts with aluminium.

$$
\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+2 \mathrm{Al} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}+\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}
$$

Which row identifies the oxidising agent and reducing agent in the reaction?

|  | oxidising agent | reducing agent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | aluminium oxide | aluminium |
| B | aluminium oxide | iron |
| C | iron(III) oxide | aluminium |
| D | iron(III) oxide | iron |

19 Which statement describes an acid?
A It has a pH less than 7.
B It reacts with calcium carbonate to form a white precipitate.
C It reacts with hydrochloric acid to form a salt and water.
D It turns universal indicator blue.

20 A piece of damp blue litmus paper is placed in a gas.
The litmus paper turns red and then turns white.
What is the gas?
A carbon dioxide
B chlorine
C hydrogen
D oxygen

21 Some properties of noble gases are shown.

|  | melting <br> point $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | boiling <br> point $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\frac{\text { density }}{\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| helium <br> neon | -272 | -269 | 0.0002 |
| argon | -189 |  |  |
| krypton |  | -152 | 0.0059 |
| xenon | -112 | -108 | 0.0097 |

What are the properties of neon?

|  | melting <br> point $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | boiling <br> point $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\frac{\text { density }}{\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | -251 | -274 | 0.0004 |
| B | -178 | -174 | 0.0041 |
| C | -249 | -246 | 0.0008 |
| D | -240 | -236 | 0.0062 |

$22 P, Q, R$ and $S$ are four metals.
$P$ is soft.
Q reacts violently with water.
$R$ has a high melting point.
S forms blue compounds.
Which metals are transition elements?
A P and Q
B $\quad \mathrm{P}$ and R
C Q and S
D R and S

23 Brass is an alloy.
What is brass?
A a compound containing two metallic elements
B a compound containing two non-metallic elements
C a mixture containing two metallic elements
D a mixture containing two non-metallic elements

24 The results of mixing metal X with aqueous metal ions are shown.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Zn}^{2+} \rightarrow \mathrm{X}^{2+}+\mathrm{Zn} \\
& \mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Cu}^{2+} \rightarrow \mathrm{X}^{2+}+\mathrm{Cu} \\
& \mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Mg}^{2+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}+\mathrm{X}
\end{aligned}
$$

What is the position of X in the reactivity series?

|  | most <br> reactive |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| least <br> reactive |  |  |  |  |
| A | X | Mg | Zn | Cu |
| B | Mg | X | Zn | Cu |
| C | Mg | Zn | X | Cu |
| D | Mg | Zn | Cu | X |

25 Which substance reduces iron(III) oxide in the blast furnace?
A carbon dioxide
B carbon monoxide
C limestone
D oxygen

26 Which statements about the rusting of iron are correct?
1 It requires oxygen and water.
2 It is prevented by coating with another metal.
3 Painted iron nails do not rust.
A 1 and 2 only
B 1 and 3 only
C 2 and 3 only
D 1, 2 and 3

27 The fractional distillation of petroleum is shown.


Which fraction contains molecules that have the largest attractive forces?
A bitumen
B diesel
C gasoline
D refinery gas

28 A distance-time graph and a speed-time graph are plotted for a moving vehicle.
Which feature gives the acceleration of the vehicle?
A the area under the distance-time graph
B the area under the speed-time graph
C the gradient of the distance-time graph
D the gradient of the speed-time graph

29 A container is filled to the top with water. An object is slowly lowered into the water until it is completely submerged. The water that overflows from the container is collected.

The mass of the object is 84 kg . The volume of water collected is $0.12 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$.
What is the density of the object?
A $1.4 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
B $10 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
C $84 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
D $\quad 700 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$

30 A spring that obeys Hooke's Law has unstretched length 1 .
A load $F$ is suspended from the spring, and the spring extends by an amount $x$.
Which equation is used to define the spring constant $k$ ?
A $k=F X$
B $k=\frac{F}{(l+x)}$
C $k=\frac{F}{x}$
D $k=\frac{X}{F}$

31 A force pushes an object in a straight line.
Which expression gives the work done by the force?
A force $\times$ distance moved
B force $\times$ time taken
C force $\div$ distance moved
D force : time taken

32 Water in a beaker evaporates quickly.
Which statements about the evaporation of the water from the beaker are correct?
1 Evaporation happens at all temperatures between $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
2 The more-energetic water molecules escape from the surface of the water.
3 The temperature of the water remaining in the beaker decreases.
A 1 and 2 only
B 1 and 3 only
C 2 and 3 only
D 1, 2 and 3

33 A gas is heated.
Which statement explains how thermal energy is transferred by convection in the gas?
A The heated gas expands, becomes less dense and falls.
B The heated gas expands, becomes less dense and rises.
C The heated gas expands, becomes more dense and falls.
D The heated gas expands, becomes more dense and rises.

34 A microwave oven uses microwaves with a frequency of $2.5 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~Hz}$.
What is the wavelength of these microwaves?
A 0.0075 m
B $\quad 0.12 \mathrm{~m}$
C 7.5 m
D 12 m

35 A ray of light passes through a glass window.
Which path does it take?


36 The diagram shows a thin converging lens used as a magnifying glass. Each principal focus of the lens is labelled.


The object is moved to the right, closer to the lens.
What happens to the image?
A It moves to the left and becomes larger.
B It moves to the left and becomes smaller.
C It moves to the right and becomes larger.
D It moves to the right and becomes smaller.

37 There is a potential difference of 4.0 V across a resistor of resistance $2.0 \Omega$.
How much charge passes through the resistor in 10 s?
A 0.80 C
B 5.0 C
C 20 C
D 80 C

38 A circuit contains a battery connected to a resistor.


Which values of electromotive force (e.m.f.) and resistance produce the smallest current in the circuit?

|  | e.m.f. $/ \mathrm{V}$ | resistance $/ \Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 6.0 | 10 |
| B | 6.0 | 20 |
| C | 24 | 80 |
| D | 24 | 160 |

39 Four wires are made from the same material but have different lengths and diameters.
Which wire has the smallest resistance?

|  | length <br> $/ \mathrm{cm}$ | diameter <br> $/ \mathrm{mm}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 50 | 0.10 |
| B | 50 | 0.20 |
| C | 100 | 0.10 |
| D | 100 | 0.20 |

40 The diagrams show four circuits, each containing an ammeter and two lamps with different resistances.

Which circuit shows an ammeter with a reading equal to the current in each lamp?
A
B

C

D


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The Periodic Table of Elements


| $\begin{gathered} 57 \\ \substack{\text { Lantanum } \\ \text { cant } \\ 139} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 58 \\ \mathrm{Ce} \\ \substack{\text { cerium } \\ 140 \\ \text { an }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 59 \\ \text { prasodymium } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 60 } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { nd } \\ \text { neosmmium } \\ 144 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{61}{\substack{\text { Pm } \\ \text { romentium }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 62 \\ \mathrm{Sm}_{\substack{\text { samaium } \\ 150}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 63 \\ \substack{64 \\ \text { europium } \\ 152} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 65 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Tetbum } \\ \text { terium } \\ 159 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 66 \\ \text { Dy } \\ \text { dyyposum } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 67 \\ \substack{67 \\ \text { nolnium } \\ 165} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ \text { Er } \begin{array}{c} \text { erbium } \\ 167 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 69 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { tutum } \\ \text { thum } \\ 169 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ \mathrm{Yb} \\ \substack{\text { ytebibium } \\ 173} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 71 \\ \mathrm{~L}^{\text {Lutetium }} \\ 175 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | ${ }^{98}$ | 99 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 |
| Ac actirium | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tht } \\ \substack{\text { thorium } \\ 232} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \mathrm{Pa} \\ \text { potacatium } \\ 231 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { uratium } \\ \text { unc } \\ 238 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { neptunium }}{\mathrm{Np}}$ | Pu pluonium | Am ameicium | $\mathrm{Cm}$ curium | $\underset{\text { berkelium }}{\mathrm{Bk}}$ | $\underset{\text { calliforium }}{\mathrm{Cf}}$ | $\underset{\text { einsterium }}{\text { Es }}$ | Fm fermium | $\underset{\text { mendedevium }}{\text { Md }}$ | No nobelium | $\underset{\text { awencoum }}{\mathrm{Lr}}$ |

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

